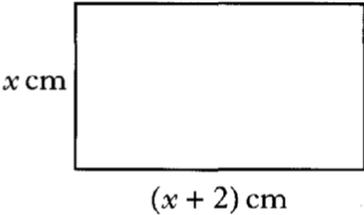
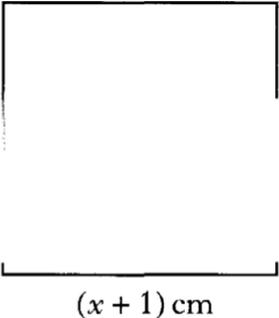
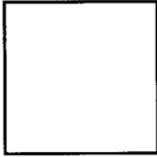


National 5 & Int. 2Brackets

| | | |
|---------------|---|---|
| 2018 P1 Q2 | Expand and simplify $(3x+1)(x-1)+2(x^2-5)$. | 3 |
| Ans | $5x^2 - 2x - 11$ | |
| 2017 P1 Q4 | Expand and simplify $(2x+3)(x^2-4x+1)$. | 3 |
| Ans | $2x^3 - 5x^2 - 10x + 3$ | |
| 2015 P1 Q4 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms $(x-4)(x^2+x-2)$. | 3 |
| Ans | $x^3 - 3x^2 - 6x + 8$ | |
| 2015 P1 Q1 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(2x+6)(5x-3)+9x$ | 3 |
| Ans | $10x^2 + 33x - 18$ | |
| 2014 P1 Q2 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms: $(2x-5)(3x+1)$. | 2 |
| Ans | $6x^2 - 13x - 5$ | |
| 2014 P1 Q2 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(3x+2)(x-5)+8x$ | 3 |
| Ans | $3x^2 - 5x - 10$ | |
| 2013 P2 Q1 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(x+2)(x-5)-9x$ | 3 |
| Ans | $x^2 - 12x - 10$ | |
| 2012 P2 Q2 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(3x-5)(x^2+2x-6)$ | 3 |
| Ans | $3x^3 + x^2 - 28x + 30$ | |

| | | |
|----------------|---|---|
| 2011 P1 O2 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $5x + (3x + 2)(2x - 7)$ | 3 |
| Ans | $6x^2 - 12x - 14$ | |
| 2010 P1 O4b | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(3x + 2)(x^2 + 5x - 1)$ | 3 |
| Ans | $3x^3 + 17x^2 + 7x - 2$ | |
| 2009 P1 O4 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(x + 5)(2x^2 - 3x - 1)$ | 3 |
| Ans | $2x^3 + 7x^2 - 16x - 5$ | |
| 2008 P1 O2 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(3x + 2)(x - 5) + 8x$ | 3 |
| Ans | $3x^2 - 5x - 10$ | |
| 2007 P1 O5 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(x + 3)(x^2 + 4x - 12)$ | 3 |
| Ans | $x^3 + 7x^2 - 36$ | |
| 2006 P1 O2 | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(2y - 3)(y^2 + 4y - 1)$ | 3 |
| Ans | $2y^3 + 5y^2 - 14y + 3$ | |
| 2005 P1 O3a | Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms. $(4x + 2)(x - 5) + 3x$ | 3 |
| Ans | $4x^2 - 15x - 10$ | |

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|---------------|---|---|
| 2005 P1 Q8 | <p>A rectangle has length $(x + 2)$ centimetres and breadth x centimetres.</p>  <p>(a) Write down an expression for the area of the rectangle.</p> <p>A square has length $(x + 1)$ centimetres.</p>  <p>(b) The area of the square above is greater than the area of the rectangle. By how much is it greater?</p> | 1 |
| | <p><i>Ans</i> (a) $x(x+2)$ (b) 1cm^2</p> | 2 |
| 2004 P2 Q3a | <p>Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms.</p> $5x + (x - 4)(3x + 1)$ | 3 |
| <i>Ans</i> | $3x^2 - 6x - 4$ | |
| 2003 P1 Q1 | <p>Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms.</p> $(2a - b)(3a + 2b)$ | 2 |
| <i>Ans</i> | $6a^2 + ab - 2b^2$ | |
| 2002W P2 Q10a | <p>(a) Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms.</p> $(2x + 3)(x^2 - 5x + 2)$ | 3 |
| <i>Ans</i> | $2x^3 - 7x^2 - 11x + 6$ | |
| 2002 P1 Q4 | <p>Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms.</p> $(x - 3)(x^2 + 4x - 1)$ | 3 |
| <i>Ans</i> | $x^3 + x^2 - 13x + 3$ | |

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|------------|---|---|
| 2001 P1 Q7 | <p>The square and rectangle shown below have the same perimeter.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>$(2x + 2)$ cm</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>$(x + 3)$ cm length</p> </div> </div> <p>Show that the length of the rectangle is $(3x + 1)$ centimetres.</p> | 2 |
| Ans | <i>Proof</i> | |
| 2001 P2 Q7 | <p>Multiply out the brackets and collect like terms.</p> $(x + 4)(2x^2 + 3x - 1)$ | 3 |
| Ans | $2x^3 + 11x^2 + 11x - 4$ | |