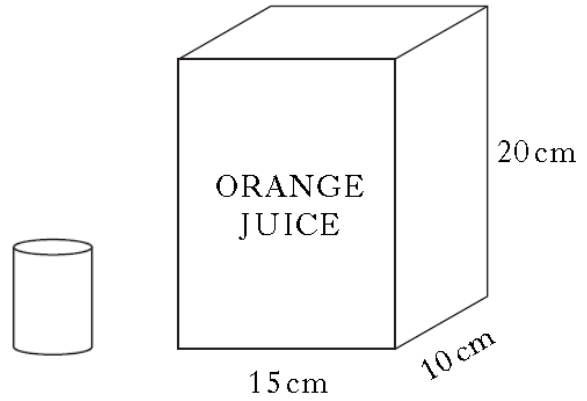


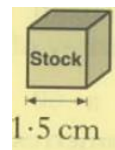
## Volume Revision Worksheet L3/4

- 1) Orange juice is poured from a carton into some glasses.  
The carton is a cuboid, 15cm long, 10cm wide and 20cm high.  
125 cubic cm of juice is poured into each glass.  
How many glasses can be poured from the full carton?



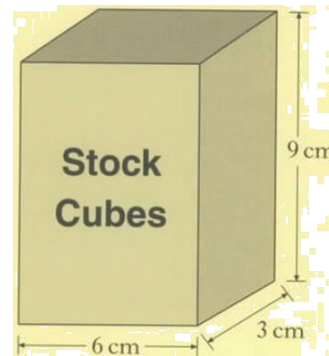
3

- 2)a) The edge of a stock cube measures 1.5 cm.  
Calculate the volume of the stock cube.



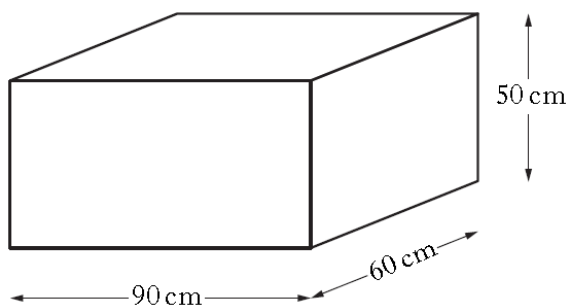
1

- 2)b) A number of the above stock cubes are packed into a cuboid box.  
The box is 6 cm long, 3 cm broad and 9 cm high.  
How many stock cubes are needed to fill the box?



3

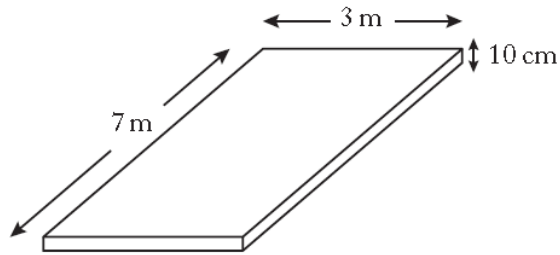
- 3) This empty tank is to be filled with water.



The tank is a cuboid, 90 cm long, 60 cm wide and 50 cm high.  
The water fills at a rate of 15 litres every minute. (1 litre = 1000 cm<sup>3</sup>)  
How long will it take to fill the tank?

4

- 4) Bob is building a patio with a concrete base.  
The base of the patio is 7m long, 3m wide and 10cm deep.



Concrete costs £60 per cubic metre.  
Find the total cost of the concrete for the base of Bob's patio.

4

- 5) The local council is installing a new children's playpark using a rubberised material.



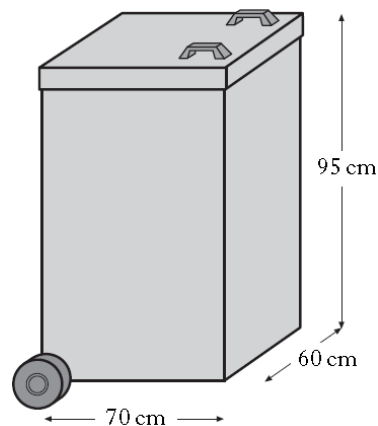
The area of the rectangular playpark is  $225 \text{ m}^2$ .  
The new playpark must have a depth of 12 cm.  
The council has ordered 30 cubic metres of the rubberised material for the playpark.  
Will this be enough?

4

- 6)a) A wheelie bin is in the shape of a cuboid.  
The dimensions of the bin are:

length = 70 cm  
breadth = 60 cm  
height = 95 cm

Calculate the volume of the bin.

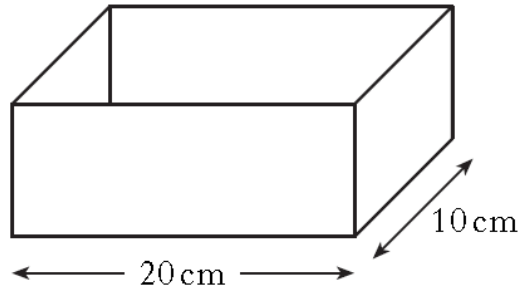


2

- 6)b) The council is considering a new design of wheelie bin.  
The new bin will have the same volume as the old one.  
The base of the new bin is to be a square of side 55 cm.  
Calculate the height of the new wheelie bin.

3

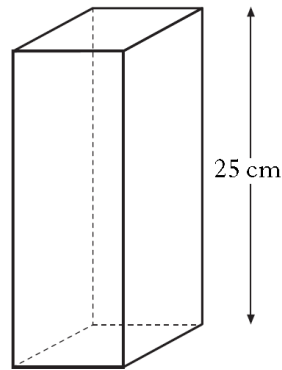
- 7) Shown below is a container in the shape of a cuboid.



When full, the container holds 1600 cubic centimetres of water.  
Work out the height of the container

3

- 8) A cuboid has a square base.  
Its height is 25cm and its volume is  $1369 \text{ cm}^3$ .  
Calculate the length of its base.

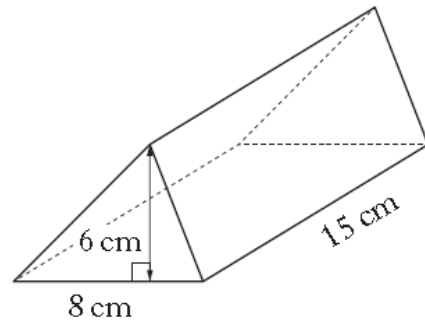


3

- 9)a) The formula for the volume of this shape is

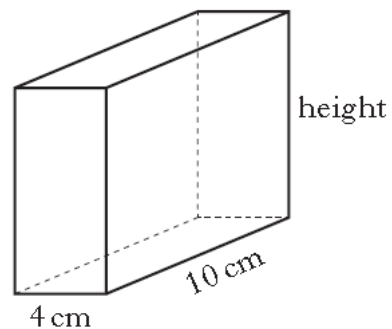
$$\text{Volume} = \text{area of end} \times \text{length}$$

The end of this shape is a triangle.  
Use the formula to work out the volume of this shape.



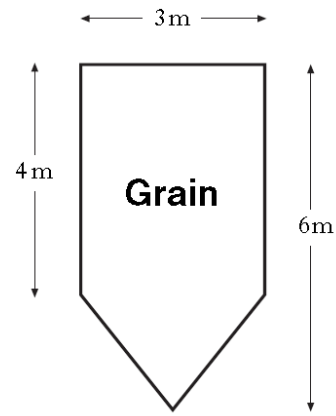
3

- 9)b) This cuboid has the same volume as the shape shown above.  
Find the height of the cuboid.



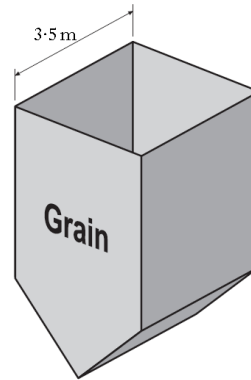
2

- 10)a) The end face of a grain hopper is shown in the diagram.  
Calculate the area of the end face.



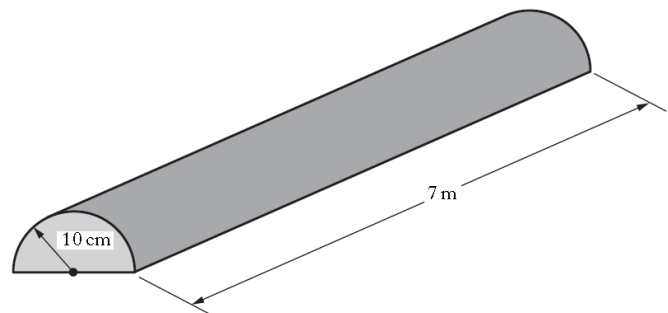
3

- 10)b) The grain hopper is in the shape of a prism with a length of 3.5 m.  
Find the volume of the hopper.



3

- 11) A plastic speed bump in the shape of a half cylinder is used to slow traffic outside a Primary School.  
The speed bump has a radius of 10 cm and a length of 7 m as shown in the diagram.



Calculate the volume of plastic used to make the speed bump.

3

## ANSWERS

1)  $V = lbh$   
 $V = 15 \times 10 \times 20$   
 $V = 3000\text{cm}^3$

$$3000 \div 125 = 24 \text{ glasses}$$

3)  $V = lbh$   
 $V = 90 \times 60 \times 50$   
 $V = 270\,000\text{cm}^3$   
 $V = 270 \text{ litres}$

$$270 \div 15 = 18 \text{ minutes}$$

5)  $V = Ah$   
 $V = 225 \times 0.12$   
 $V = 27\text{m}^3$

30m<sup>3</sup> will be enough for the playpark

7)  $V = lbh$   
 $1600 = 20 \times 10 \times h$   
 $1600 = 200 \times h$   
 $h = 1600 \div 200$   
 $h = 8\text{cm}$

9)a)  $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$   
 $A = \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 6$   
 $A = 24\text{cm}^2$

$V = \text{area} \times \text{length}$   
 $V = 24 \times 15$   
 $V = 360\text{cm}^3$

9)b)  $V = lbh$   
 $360 = 4 \times 10 \times h$   
 $360 = 40 \times h$   
 $h = 360 \div 40$   
 $h = 9\text{cm}$

2)a)  $V = lbh$   
 $V = 1.5 \times 1.5 \times 1.5$   
 $V = 3.375\text{cm}^3$

2)b)  $6 \div 1.5 = 4$   
 $3 \div 1.5 = 2$   
 $9 \div 1.5 = 6$   
 $4 \times 2 \times 6 = 48 \text{ cubes fill the box}$

4)  $V = lbh$   
 $V = 3 \times 7 \times 0.1$   
 $V = 2.1\text{m}^3$

$$2.1 \times 60 = \text{£}126$$

6)a)  $V = lbh$   
 $V = 70 \times 60 \times 95$   
 $V = 399\,000 \text{ cm}^3$

6)b)  $V = lbh$   
 $399\,000 = 55 \times 55 \times h$   
 $399\,000 = 3025 \times h$   
 $h = 399\,000 \div 3025$   
 $h = 131.9\text{cm}$

8)  $V = lbh$   
 $1369 = l \times l \times 25$   
 $l \times l = 1369 \div 25$   
 $l \times l = 54.76$   
 $l = \sqrt{54.76}$   
 $l = 7.4\text{cm}$

10)a)  $A = lb$        $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$       Total Area  
 $A = 3 \times 4$        $A = \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 2$       = 12 + 3  
 $A = 12\text{m}^2$        $A = 3\text{m}^2$       = 15m<sup>2</sup>

10)b)  $V = Ah$   
 $V = 15 \times 3.5$   
 $V = 52.5\text{m}^3$

11)  $A = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$   
 $A = \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 0.1^2$   
 $A = 0.0157\text{m}^2$

$$V = Ah$$

$$V = 0.0157 \times 7$$

$$V = 0.11\text{m}^3$$