

## Functions

1. Functions  $f(x) = x^2 + 5$  and  $g(x) = 2x + 1$  are defined on suitable domains.

[A1]

- Find an expression for  $h(x)$  where  $h(x) = f(g(x))$ .
- Write  $h(x)$  in the form  $a(x + b)^2 + c$ .
- Make a sketch of  $h(x)$ , showing the turning point and where it intersects the  $y$  – axis.

2. Functions  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$  and  $g(x) = x^2 - x - 6$  are defined on suitable domains.

[A1]

- Find an expression for  $h(x)$  where  $h(x) = f(g(x))$ .
- Determine any restriction on the domain of  $h(x)$ .

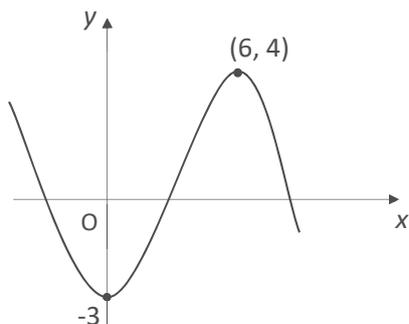
3. The function  $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{5}$  is defined on a suitable domain.

[A4]

Find the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

4. The diagram shows the curve of  $y = f(x)$ .

[A3, A5]



- Sketch the curve of  $y = f(2x)$ .
- Sketch the curve  $y = -f(x) + 4$ .
- Sketch a possible graph of  $y = f'(x)$ .