

- 1) Prove by contradiction that $\sqrt{3}$ is irrational.
- 2) Prove by contradiction that if n^2 is odd the n is odd.
- 3) Prove that $\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{r(r+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}$ by induction
- 4) $\sum_{r=3}^n (2r-1) = (n-2)(n+2) \quad n \geq 3$ by induction
- 5) Prove by induction that the sum of the first n odd numbers is a perfect square.

$$\text{(ie. } \sum_{k=1}^n 2k-1 = p^2 \text{)}$$