The diagram below shows the graph with equation $y=f(x)$, where $f(x)=k(x-a)(x-b)^{2}$.

(a) Find the values of $a, b$ and $k$.
(b) For the function $g(x)=f(x)-d$, where $d$ is positive, determine the range of values of $d$ for which $g(x)$ has exactly one real root.

Answers:
(a) $\quad a=4, b=-5, k=-\frac{1}{12}$
(b) $d>9$

